REMARKS

Claims 1 through 18 are pending in the present application.

Claims 1 through 17 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a).

Reconsideration is respectfully requested in view of the following remarks.

Rejection Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

Claims 1 through 16 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as allegedly being rendered obvious over U.S. patent number 7,418,418 (hereinafter "Wizon"), in view of U.S. patent number 7,467,108 (hereinafter "Papka"), and further view of U.S. patent publication 20020042770 (hereinafter "Slyke"). Applicant respectfully submits that the Office cannot meet its legal burden under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) to establish a prima facie case of obviousness of the amended claims based upon the cited references. Reconsideration is respectfully requested.

Amended claim 9 recites:

A method implemented on a computing system for pricing a financial product, comprising:

transmitting for display a first user interface;

receiving into the computing system via the first user interface data that identify and describe the product, the data comprising; contextual data of the product, the contextual data indicating market variables involved in product pricing and used for selecting a market hypothesis for pricing the product, the contextual data comprising at least one valuation currency and at least one underlying instrument; and characteristic data of the product comprising a plurality of future financial flows associated with the product, the plurality of future financial flows defined using at least one numerical equation.

wherein receiving via the first user interface data that identify and describe the product comprises:

> receiving in a first portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a first term associated with the product and a first definition for the first term comprising a first numeric value; receiving in the first portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a second term associated with the product and a second definition

for the second term comprising a second numeric value and a reference to the first term:

receiving in a second portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a first financial flow associated with the product, the first financial flow specified with a start date for the first financial flow, a frequency of the first financial flow, and a description of the first financial flow defined using a numerical equation and at least one of the first term and the second term; and

receiving in the second portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a second financial flow associated with the product, the second financial flow specified with a start date for the second financial flow, a frequency of the second financial flow, and a description of the second financial flow defined using a numerical equation and the first financial flow:

in the computing system generating a planned schedule from the received data that identify and describe the product, the planned schedule comprising for each of a plurality of future dates a financial flow associated with the product and defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow;

transmitting for display a second user interface, the second user interface comprising a listing of the plurality of future dates and for each future date a financial flow associated with the product and defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow;

in the system, storing in a first table information identifying the plurality of future dates and for each future date a financial flow defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow;

in the computing system interpreting the schedule in order to identify product variables for the product on the basis of at least one of a first financial flow and a second, and for each date of the planned schedule, a function for calculating a price associated with the product as a function of at least one of the product variables;

in the system, <u>storing in a second table information</u>
<u>identifying for each date of the planned schedule, a function</u>
for calculating a price associated with the product;

in the system, storing in a third table the identified product variables:

in the computing system receiving market variables associated with the product and generated by a market analysis, the market variables identified for each of the plurality of dates on the schedule;

in the system, storing in a fourth table the received market values associated with the product;

in the computing system calculating using the market variables, for each of a plurality of market scenarios and for each of the plurality of dates on the schedule, product variable values; and

in the computing system calculating a product price as a function of the calculated product variable values.

In order for a set of references to render claim 9 obvious, the references must disclose each and every element of the recited claim and disclose arranging the recited elements to form the recited combination. See M.P.E.P. § 2143.03 ("[t]o establish prima facie obviousness of a claimed invention, all the claim limitations must be taught or suggested by the prior art.") Applicant respectfully submits that Wizon and Papka do not disclose or suggest at least the above-emphasized claim language and therefore cannot possibly teach the recited combination.

Wizon discloses a computer-based system for pricing fixed income securities. In the system disclosed by Wizon, users select a portfolio of fixed income securities from a portfolio database and then select a pricing method for pricing one of the fixed income securities in the selected portfolio. (Abstract). Wizon discloses calculating the price of the selected fixed income security based upon the designated pricing method. (Abstract).

Thus, in Wizon, a user selects a pricing model for a selected fixed income security and the system calculates the price. But in contrast with the claim language, Wizon does not disclose:

wherein receiving via the first user interface data that identify and describe the product comprises: receiving in a first portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a first term associated with the product and a first definition for the first term comprising a first numeric value; receiving in the first portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a second term associated with the product and a second definition

for the second term <u>comprising a second numeric</u> yalue and a reference to the first term.

Wizon discloses a user interface (Figure 2) that allows for viewing existing portfolios and adding securities to a portfolio. While the user interface as disclosed by Wizon allows for a user to input data about a security, the interface does not accept user inputs that "specify[] a first term associated with the product and a first definition for the first term comprising a first numeric value." Likewise, the user interface disclosed in Wizon does not accept user inputs that "specify[] a second term associated with the product and a second definition for the second term comprising a second numeric value and a reference to the first term." Indeed, the interface disclosed by Wizon does not provide for "specifying a . . . term" at all, and further does not provide for "specifying . . a . . . definition for the . . . term comprising a . . . numeric value." Certainly, the user inputs accepted in the user interface as disclosed by Wizon does not "specify[] . . a . . . definition for the second term comprising a second numeric value and a reference to the first term."

Moreover, the user interface disclosed by Wizon does not provide for:

receiving in a second portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a first financial flow associated with the product, the first financial flow specified with a start date for the first financial flow, a frequency of the first financial flow, and a description of the first financial flow defined using a numerical equation and at least one of the first term and the second term: and

receiving in the second portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a second financial flow associated with the product, the second financial flow specified with a start date for the second financial flow, a frequency of the second financial flow, and a description of the second financial flow defined using a numerical equation and the first financial flow.

Wizon discloses a user interface in which a user may enter a "pricing method." (Col. 3, 1l. 65-66). But receiving a pricing method in a user interface as disclosed by Wizon does not provide for "receiving... user inputs specifying a <u>first financial flow</u> associated with [a] product," and "receiving... user inputs specifying a <u>second financial flow</u> associated with

the product." Indeed, the single pricing method as disclosed by Wizon is not a "user input[] specifying a first financial flow" and "user inputs specifying a second financial flow" at all. Certainly, the user interface of Wizon does not provide for "receiving... user inputs specifying a second financial flow associated with the product, the second financial flow specified with ... a description of the second financial flow defined using a numerical equation and the first financial flow."

The Office has acknowledged (see Office Action at p. 5) that Wizon does not disclose or suggest language similar to the following amended claim language:

generating a planned schedule from the received data that identify and describe the product, the planned schedule comprising for each of a plurality of future dates a financial flow associated with the product and defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow.

Applicants respectfully submit that Wizon also does not disclose:

in the system, <u>storing in a first table</u> information identifying the plurality of future dates and for each future date a financial flow defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow.

Indeed, Wizon does not even mention a table, and certainly not describe or suggest a table as recited in the claim language.

The Office has also acknowledged (see Office Action at p. 5) that Wizon does not disclose or suggest language similar to the following amended claim language:

in the computing system interpreting the schedule in order to identify the product on the basis of at least one of a first financial flow and a second financial flow, and for each date of the planned schedule, a function for calculating a price associated with the product as a function of at least one of the product variables.

Applicants respectfully submit that Wizon also does not disclose:

in the system, storing in a <u>second</u> table information identifying for each date of the planned schedule, a function for calculating a price associated with the product; [and] in the system, storing in a <u>third</u> table the identified product variables.

Again, Wizon does not even mention a table, and certainly does not disclose a table as recited in the claim language.

Applicants further note that Wizon does not disclose:

transmitting for display a <u>second user interface</u>, the second user interface <u>comprising</u> a <u>listing</u> of the <u>plurality</u> of <u>future</u> dates and for each future date a financial flow <u>associated</u> with the <u>product</u> and <u>defined</u> using at least in <u>part</u> one of the first financial flow and the <u>second</u> financial flow.

The Office has alleged that Wizon at column 1, lines 33-35 and column 3, lines 1-9 is relevant. Applicants respectfully disagree. Column 1, lines 33-35 disclose programming a processor with a formula. Column 3, lines 1-9 discloses that a pricing system controls a graphical user interface. But neither of the referenced sections disclose "a second user interface, the second user interface comprising a listing of the plurality of future dates and for each future date a financial flow associated with the product and defined using at least in part the at least one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow." Rather, Wizon discloses a single user interface depicted in Figure 2 of Wizon. The single user interface does not "compris[e] a listing of the plurality of future dates and for each future date a financial flow associated with the product." Certainly, the single user interface disclosed by Wizon does not "compris[e] a listing of the plurality of future dates and for each future date a financial flow ... defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow." Applicants respectfully request that should the Office maintain the rejection that it quote the specific language that allegedly corresponds to the recited claim language.

Papka does not address the deficiencies of Wizon. Papka discloses a method of creating a price prediction model that forecasts short-term price fluctuations in financial instruments by collecting, analyzing and classifying financial news for a financial instrument into categories. (Abstract). According to Papka, financial analysts review textual financial documents obtained from public interest web sites and classify the documents to be either "good news" or "bad news" relative to the expected performance of a financial instrument. (Col. 2, Il. 32-45). Distributions of historical price changes for a particular financial

instrument are sampled from the data based on the occurrences of the different classifications of news. (Col. 2, II. 32-45) (Col. 3, II. 60-62). The distributions are used to form a model that produces buy, sell, and no-trade signals for the financial instrument. (Col. 2, II. 32-45) (Col. 3, In. 60 – Col. 5, In. 35). The model is then used to predict when to buy, sell or not trade the stock given the daily occurrences of the underlying company's financial news. (Col. 2, II. 32-45) (Col. 5, II. 35-55).

Thus, Papka discloses a method wherein classifications of past news stories are correlated with the corresponding historical price values for a stock to create a model for whether a stock value will fall or rise in response to a particular type of news story. In contrast with claim 1, Papka does not disclose or suggest:

receiving via the first user interface data that identify and describe the product comprises:
receiving in a first portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a first term associated with the product and a first definition for the first term comprising a first numeric value; receiving in the first portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a second term associated with the product and a second definition for the second term comprising a second numeric value and a reference to the first term.

"specify[] . . . a . . . definition for the second term comprising a second numeric value and a reference to the first term."

Moreover, the user interface disclosed by Papka does not provide for:

receiving in a second portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a first financial flow associated with the product, the first financial flow specified with a start date for the first financial flow, a frequency of the first financial flow, and a description of the first financial flow defined using a numerical equation and at least one of the first term and the second term: and

receiving in the second portion of the first user interface user inputs specifying a second financial flow associated with the product, the second financial flow specified with a start date for the second financial flow, a frequency of the second financial flow, and a description of the second financial flow defined using a numerical equation and the first financial flow.

The user interface of Papka that allows for a user to input data that classifies a news article is not the same or similar to a user interface for "receiving... user inputs specifying a first financial flow associated with [a] product," and "receiving... user inputs specifying a second financial flow associated with the product." The classification of a news article as disclosed by Paka is not a "user input[] specifying a first financial flow" and "user inputs specifying a second financial flow" at all. Certainly, the user interface of Papka does not provide for "receiving... user inputs specifying a second financial flow associated with the product, the second financial flow specified with... a description of the second financial flow defined using a numerical equation and the first financial flow."

In further contrast with the claim language, Papka does not disclose or suggest language similar to the following amended claim language:

generating a <u>planned</u> schedule from the received data that identify and describe the product, the planned schedule comprising for each of a plurality of future dates a financial flow associated with the product and defined using at least in part one of the <u>first financial flow</u> and <u>the second</u> financial flow.

Rather, Papka discloses using past new articles to generate a price prediction model. But past news articles are not a "planned schedule." Furthermore, past news articles are not "a planned schedule from the data that identify and describe the product." Most certainly, a price prediction model determined by a correlation with a news article is not a "planned schedule comprising for each of a plurality of future dates a financial flow associated with the product and defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow." Indeed, Papaka does not disclose receiving "[a] first financial flow and [a] second financial flow" and therefore cannot possibly disclose a "planned schedule... defined using... the first financial flow and the second financial flow."

The Office cites to column 2, lines 25-46 as allegedly relevant to "future financial events [and] generating a planned schedule." Admittedly, and as discussed above, Papka discloses that "[t]he model may be used to predict when to buy, sell, or not trade the stock given the daily occurrences of the underlying company's financial news," But, the model disclosed by Papka does not contain a "planned schedule comprising for each of a plurality of future dates a financial flow associated with the product and defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow." Indeed, Papka does not disclose a "schedule" at all and certainly not a "planned schedule comprising for each of a plurality of future dates a financial flow associated with the product." A prediction as to whether a stock price will rise or fall as disclosed by Papka, is not a "planned schedule comprising for each of a plurality of future dates a financial flow associated with the product." Indeed, a prediction that a stock price may rise or fall is not a financial flow at all. Certainly, a prediction as to whether a stock price will rise or fall is not a "planned schedule comprising for each of a plurality of future dates a financial flow . . . defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow."

Papka also does not disclose:

in the system, <u>storing in a first table</u> information identifying the plurality of future dates and for each future date a financial flow defined using at least in part one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow.

Indeed, Papka does not even mention a table, and certainly not describe or suggest a table as recited in the claim language.

Papka also does not disclose "interpreting the schedule in order to identify product variables for the product on the basis of at least one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow, and for each date of the planned schedule, a function for calculating a price associated with the product as a function of at least one of the product variables." As noted above, Papka does not disclose "generating a planned schedule." Therefore, Papka cannot possibly disclose "interpreting the schedule." If the Office should maintain the rejection, the undersigned respectfully requests that the Office identify the particular "product variables" that are "identify[ied]" and quote the specific language that allegedly discloses "identify[ing] product variables for the product on the basis of at lease one of the first financial flow and the second financial flow."

Applicants respectfully submit that Papka also does not disclose:

in the system, storing in a <u>second</u> table information identifying for each date of the planned schedule, a function for calculating a price associated with the product; [and] in the system, storing in a <u>third</u> table the identified product variables.

Again, Papka does not even mention a table, and certainly does not disclose a table as recited in the claim language.

The Office cites to Slyke as allegedly disclosing "future financial flows defined using at least one numerical equation." In fact, the referenced paragraph of Slyke (paragraph [0109]) discloses estimating cost and cash flows. But Slyke does not disclose, and the Office does not allege, the remaining claim language as discussed above.

Therefore, because neither Wizon, Papka, not Slyke disclose or suggest at least the above-emphasized claim language, it cannot possibly disclose or suggest the combination recited in claim 9. Accordingly claim 9 and the claims depending therefrom are not rendered obvious. Although the language of claims 1 and 17 is different from that of claim 9, for reasons similar to those discussed above, claims 1 and 17 are not rendered obvious.

Reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) is respectfully requested.

Conclusion

Applicant respectfully submits that the present application is in condition for allowance. Early notification to this effect is requested.

If Examiner Niquette should have any questions regarding this response, the Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned attorney at (215) 568-3100.

Date: August 13, 2010 /John E. McGlynn/

John E. McGlynn Registration No. 42,863

Woodcock Washburn LLP Cira Centre 2929 Arch Street, 12th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19104-2891 Telephone: (215) 568-3100 Facsimile: (215) 568-3439